

Introduction to G-expression

(how to beat around the bush)

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April, 30th, 2024



Too long; don't read

Guix is implemented in Scheme/Guile language.

Guix provides a Domain-Specific Language (DSL),

This DSL helps in defining packages.

“G-expression” is another embedded DSL and adapted to build *thing*.

This DSL helps in describing a sequence of actions;

to be performed to produce item in the store.

Too short; more read

- ▶ Code Staging in GNU Guix, *in GPCE'17, 16th ACM SIGPLAN International Conference*
<https://doi.org/10.48550/arXiv.1709.00833>
- ▶ Guix manual: read twice; 1, 2, 3 and 4 (“anti-order”) then 4, 3, 2 and 1 (“natural” order)
 - ① section G-Expressions
https://guix.gnu.org/manual-devel/en/guix.html#G_002dExpressions
 - ② section The Store Monad
<https://guix.gnu.org/manual-devel/en/guix.html#The-Store-Monad>
 - ③ section Derivations
<https://guix.gnu.org/manual-devel/en/guix.html#Derivations>
 - ④ section The Store
<https://guix.gnu.org/manual-devel/en/guix.html#The-Store>

- ▶ source code
 - ▶ other packages
 - ▶ the build system you know the most
 - ▶ the hard way: module (guix gexp)

e.g., (guix build-system julia)

From my experience

the main difficulties when speaking about *G-expression* are from:

- ① Missing knowledge about what is Guile-specific language (lambda, let, conventions, etc.)
- ② Missing knowledge about Scheme concepts ("quotation")

here the aim is thus to introduce some

A pedestrian journey toward G-expressions and Schemey-way

- ▶ The aim is to provide some “helpers”,
- ▶ For easing the reading of Guix manual and source code.

- 1 Concretely
- 2 Scheme/Guile Swiss-knife toolbox
- 3 Quote, quasiquote and unquote
- 4 G-expression
- 5 Questions

Defining Packages: key points

`define-module` Create a Guile module

`#:use-module` List the modules required for Guile *compiling* the recipe

`define-public` Define and export

`package` Object representing a package (Scheme record)

`name` The string we prefer

`version` A string that makes sense

`source` Define where to fetch the source code

`build-system` Define how to build

`arguments` The arguments for the build system

`inputs` List the other package dependencies

all sounds clear...

Examples of packages

```
$ guix edit gsl
$ guix edit r-torch
```

What does it mean?

keyword define-public, let, lambda
record package
convention %something, something?, something*
symbol quote ('), backtick (`), comma (,), comma at (,@), underscore (_)
G-expressions: #~ or #\$_

Package from guix repl

Recommendation for the file `~/.guile`

```
(use-modules (ice-9 readline)           ;; package guile-readline, guile?
             (ice-9 format)
             (ice-9 pretty-print))
(activate-readline)
```

- ➊ Type `r-torch` then `,q`
- ➋ Type `(use-modules (gnu packages cran))` (or `,use(gnu packages maths)`) and again `r-torch`
- ➌ Try `(package-name r-torch)` then `,use(guix packages)` (or `,use(guix)`) and repeat

Two names: the Scheme variable and the string.

Package from guix repl II

- ① How to display the version?
- ② Try (package-inputs r-torch)
- ③ About the arguments?

```
scheme@(guix-user)> ,pp (package-arguments r-torch)
$3 = (#:phases
 #<gexp (modify-phases %standard-phases (add-after (quote install) (quote link-
(lambda* (#:key inputs #:allow-other-keys) (let ((deps (string-append #<gexp-ou
(string-append deps "/liblantern.so"))))) gnu/packages/cran.scm:30475:8 769ee1
```

```
scheme@(guix-user)> ,pp (package-arguments gsl)
$4 = (#:configure-flags
 (list "--disable-static")
 #:phases
 (modify-phases %standard-phases))
```

First things first

'S' is before 'G'

S-expression: atom or expression of the form (x y ...)

S-exp: opening-parenthesis something ... closing-parenthesis

atom: +, *, list, etc.

expression: (list 'one 2 "three")

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Call/evaluation with parenthesis

e.g., apply the atom list to the rest
(list 'one 2 "three") returns the list composed by the elements (one 2 "three")

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Quote protects from the call (do not evaluate)

e.g., 'one returns plain one

e.g., '(list one 2 "three") returns (list 'one 2 "three")

'(list 'one 2 "three") returns (list (quote one) 2 "three")

Second thing second

```
variable (define some-variable 42)
procedure (lambda (argument) (something argument))
```

Define a procedure

```
(define my-name-procedure
  (lambda (argument1 argument2)
    (something-with argument1)))
```

```
(define (my-name-procedure argument1 argument2)
  (something-with argument1))
```

Call (my-name-procedure 1 "two")

define-public is sugar to define and export (see « Creating Guile Modules (link) »)

Local variables

= let

Independent local variables

```
(define (add-plus-2 x y)
  (let ((two 2)
        (x+y (+ x y)))
    (+ x+y two)))
```

Inter-dependant local variables

```
(define (add-plus-2-bis x y)
  (let* ((two 2)
         (x+two (+ x two))
         (result (+ y x+two)))
    result))
```

Local variables: example

seen in package julia-biogenerics

```
(define-public julia-biogenerics
  (let ((commit "a75abaf459250e2b5e22b4d9adf25fd36d2acab6")
        (revision "1"))
    (package
      (name "julia-biogenerics")
      (version (git-version "0.0.0" revision commit))
      ...
    )
  )
)
```

Conventions

predicate ends with question mark (?), return boolean (#t or #f

note: #true or #false works too)

e.g., (string-prefix? "hello" "hello-world")

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variant ends with star mark (*)

e.g., let*

lambda* more argument

```
(lambda* (#:key inputs #:allow-other-keys)
         (setenv "CONFIG_SHELL"
                 (search-input-file inputs "/bin/sh")))
;; seen in package frama-c
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e.g., #:key, #:configure-flags, #:phases

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keyword starts with sharp colon (#:)

e.g., #:key, #:configure-flags, #:phases

“global” starts with percent (%)

e.g., %standard-phases

warning: keyword starting with #: is not a convention

Quote, quasiquote, unquote

`quote` do not evaluate (keep as it is)

`quote` '

`quasiquote` unevaluate except escaped

`backtick` `

`unquote` evaluate that escaped

`coma` ,

guix repl

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guix repl

① Type

```
scheme@(guix-user)> (define ho "path/to/ho")
scheme@(guix-user)> (string-append ho "/bin/bye")
scheme@(guix-user)> `(string-append ho "/bin/bye")
scheme@(guix-user)> `(string-append ,ho "/bin/bye")
```

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② Type

```
scheme@(guix-user)> (eval $4 (interaction-environment))
```

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scheme@(guix-user)> (eval $4 (interaction-environment))
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read-time vs eval-time

Quote, quasiquote, unquote II

splicing

unquote-splicing as unquote and insert the elements

comma-at ,@

the expression must evaluate to a list

① Type

```
scheme@(guix-user)> (define of (list #:vegetable 'tomatoes
                                         #:dessert (list "cake" "pie")))
scheme@(guix-user)> `(more ,@of that)
scheme@(guix-user)> `(more ,of that)
```

Quote, quasiquote, unquote II bis

splicing

```
(arguments
  `,(,@(package-arguments gsl)
        #:configure-flags (list "--disable-shared")
        #:make-flags (list "CFLAGS=-fPIC")))
;; seen in package gsl-static
```

① Type

```
scheme@(guix-user)> ,use(gnu packages maths)
scheme@(guix-user)> ,pp (package-arguments gsl)
scheme@(guix-user)> ,pp `,(,@(package-arguments gsl)
                           #:configure-flags (list "--disable-shared")
                           #:make-flags (list "CFLAGS=-fPIC"))
```

Quote, quasiquote, unquote III

digression

substitute-keyword-arguments substitutes keyword arguments

```
(arguments
  (substitute-keyword-arguments (package-arguments hdf4)
    ((#:configure-flags flags) `(cons* "--disable-netcdf" ,flags))))
;; seen in package hdf4-alt
```

Quote, quasiquote, unquote III

digression

substitute-keyword-arguments substitutes keyword arguments

(arguments

```
(substitute-keyword-arguments (package-arguments hdf4)
  ((#:configure-flags flags) `(cons* "--disable-netcdf" ,flags)))
;; seen in package hdf4-alt
```

① scheme@(guix-user)> ,use(srfi srfi-1)

scheme@(guix-user)> ,pp (lset-difference equal?

```
(substitute-keyword-arguments (package-arguments hdf4)
  ((#:configure-flags flags) `(cons* "--disable-netcdf" ,flags)))
(package-arguments hdf4))
```

```
$1 = ((cons* "--disable-netcdf" (list "--enable-shared" "FCFLAGS=-fallow-arg"
                                         "FFLAGS=-fallow-argument-mismatch"
                                         "enable-hdf4-ndll")))
```

Association list

(*alist*) association list = list of pairs (this . that)

think: (list (key1 . value1) (key2 . value2) ...)

① Type

```
scheme@(guix-user)> (define alst (list '(a . 1) '(2 . 3) '("foo" . v)))  
scheme@(guix-user)> (assoc-ref alst "foo")  
scheme@(guix-user)> (assoc-ref alst 'a)
```

② Type

```
scheme@(guix-user)> (assoc-ref (package-inputs r-torch) "python-pytor
```

Ready?

seen in package feedgnuplot

```
1 (add-after 'install 'wrap
2   (lambda* (#:key inputs outputs #:allow-other-keys)
3     (let* ((out (assoc-ref outputs "out"))
4            (gnuplot (search-input-file inputs "/bin/gnuplot"))
5            (modules '("perl-list-moreutils" "perl-exporter-tiny"))
6            (PERL5LIB (string-join
7              (map (lambda (input)
8                (string-append (assoc-ref inputs input)
9                  "/lib/perl5/site_perl")))
10             modules)
11             ":"))))
12   (wrap-program (string-append out "/bin/feedgnuplot")
13     `(("PERL5LIB" ":" suffix (,PERL5LIB))
14       `("PATH" ":" suffix (,(dirname gnuplot)))))))
```

We want G-expression!

Enough of S-expression.

Pass arguments to the build system

```
(arguments
  (list #:configure-flags
        #~(list "--enable-dynamic-build"
                #$(if (target-x86?)
                      #~(" --enable-vector-intrinsics=sse")
                      #~())
                "--enable-ldim-alignment")
        #:make-flags #~(list "FC=gfortran -fPIC")
        #:phases
        #~(modify-phases %standard-phases
```

#: introduces keyword.
What is #~ or #\$(if)?

G-expression

Remember quasiquote and unquote?

#~	is similar as	`	with context	(unevaluate except escaped)
#\$	is similar as	,	with context	(evaluate that escaped)
#\$@	is similar as	,@	with context	(evaluate and insert)

where context means system of host machine, store state, etc.

Intuition

```
scheme@(guix-user)> ,use(gnu packages maths)
scheme@(guix-user)> (define gsl-name (package-name gsl))
scheme@(guix-user)> `(begin (string-append ,gsl-name "/yet/another"))
```

```
scheme@(guix-user)> `(begin (string-append ,gsl "/yet/another"))
```

Intuition II

```
scheme@(guix-user)> `(begin (string-append ,gsl-name "/yet/another"))
$1 = (begin (string-append "gsl" "/yet/another"))
```

```
scheme@(guix-user)> `(begin (string-append ,gsl "/yet/another"))
$2 = (begin (string-append #<package gsl@2.7.1 gnu/packages/math.scm:679 77da2
```

Intuition III

```
scheme@(guix-user)> `(begin (string-append ,gsl-name "/yet/another"))
$1 = (begin (string-append "gsl" "/yet/another"))
```

```
scheme@(guix-user)> (eval $1 (interaction-environment))
$3 = "gsl/yet/another"
```

```
scheme@(guix-user)> `(begin (string-append ,gsl "/yet/another"))
$2 = (begin (string-append #<package gsl@2.7.1 gnu/packages/math.scm:679 77da2
```

What is the result of

```
scheme@(guix-user)> (eval $2 (interaction-environment))
```

?

Intuition IV

```
scheme@(guix-user)> `(begin (string-append ,gsl "/yet/another"))
$2 = (begin (string-append #<package gsl@2.7.1 gnu/packages/math.scm:679 77da2
```

```
scheme@(guix-user)> (eval $2 (interaction-environment))
```

```
ice-9/boot-9.scm:1685:16: In procedure raise-exception:
```

```
In procedure string-append: Wrong type (expecting string): #<package gsl@2.7.1
```

```
Entering a new prompt. Type `,bt' for a backtrace or `,q' to continue.
```

```
scheme@(guix-user) [1]>
```

Intuition IV

```
scheme@(guix-user)> `(begin (string-append ,gsl "/yet/another"))
$2 = (begin (string-append #<package gsl@2.7.1 gnu/packages/math.scm:679 77da2
```

```
scheme@(guix-user)> (eval $2 (interaction-environment))
```

```
ice-9/boot-9.scm:1685:16: In procedure raise-exception:
```

```
In procedure string-append: Wrong type (expecting string): #<package gsl@2.7.1
```

```
Entering a new prompt. Type `,bt' for a backtrace or `,q' to continue.
```

```
scheme@(guix-user) [1]>
```

it is an error!

Because `gsl` is not a string.

Intuition V

```
scheme@(guix-user)> `(begin (string-append ,gsl "/yet/another"))
```

` replaced by #~
, replaced by #\$

```
scheme@(guix-user)> #~(begin (string-append #$gsl "/yet/another"))  
$4 = #<gexp (begin (string-append #<gexp-input #<package gsl@2.7.1 gnu/packages
```

Intuition VI

```
scheme@(guix-user)> #~(begin (string-append #$gsl "/yet/another"))
$4 = #<gexp (begin (string-append #<gexp-input #<package gsl@2.7.1 gnu/packages)
```

```
scheme@(guix-user)> (define gexp->sexp (@@ (guix gexp) gexp->sexp))
scheme@(guix-user)> (gexp->sexp $4 "x86_64-linux" #f)
$5 = #<procedure 77da24f88e40 at guix/gexp.scm:1408:2 (state)>
```

```
scheme@(guix-user)> ,run-in-store (gexp->sexp $4 "x86_64-linux" #f)
$6 = (begin
  (string-append
    "/gnu/store/dzx94b3xv4h1ik1bfrrbxaw7n84y9r8zz-gsl-2.7.1"
    "/yet/another"))
```

Example

```
#:phases
#~(modify-phases %standard-phases
[...]
  (replace 'install
    (lambda _
      (mkdirp (string-append #$output "/bin"))
      (chmod "BQN" #o755)
      (rename-file "BQN" "bqn")
      (install-file "bqn" (string-append #$output "/bin")))))
```

package cbqn-bootstrap

Example II

```
#:phases
#~(modify-phases %standard-phases
  (delete 'configure)
  (add-before 'build 'generate-bytecode
    (lambda _
      (system (string-append #+dbqn
        "/bin/dbqn ./genRuntime "
        #+bqn-sources)))))

[...]
(native-inputs (list dbqn bqn-sources))
(inputs (list icedtea-8 libffi))
```

`#+` plays the same role as `#$`, but is a reference to a native package build

(cross-compilation context)

Ready?

```
scheme@(guix-user)> `(begin (string-append ,gsl-name "/yet/another"))
```

```
scheme@(guix-user)> `(begin ,(string-append gsl-name "/yet/another"))
```

```
scheme@(guix-user)> #~(begin #$ (string-append gsl "yet/another"))
```

What happens?

see file-append

Resources (links)

[Talk](#) « A tour of the Guix source tree » (video 40min)

[Talk](#) « Introduction to G-Expressions » (video 30min)

self-promotion

<https://simon.tournier.info/posts/>

[Post](#) « Derivative, dual numbers and Guile »

[Post](#) « Guix: an intuition about G-expression »

[Post](#) « Guix: Quasiquote and G-expression »

illustration of reference tracking by G-exp using Fibonacci numbers

Packaging = practise and practise again

If I might,

- ① Dive into existing packages and deal with Guix manual and community.
- ② Most of the “tricks” is about a lot of practise. Quoting rekado,

I wish I had anything to say about this other than:
“try again, give up, forget about it, remember it, ask for pointers, repeat”
#guix-hpc on 2023-10-13.

do not forget that packaging is a craft